



# Searching or conversating?

## Insights for media archivists from a web search engine study

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SUPSI & PHSZ

Innovation in methods:  
ecological data collection

Insights in online searching







DON'T YOU DARE  
PUNCH OUT CHARLIE!  
HE'S THE REASON WE  
KNEW ABOUT THE  
UNDERWORLDERS'  
SCHEMES!

WE DID?

SURE!  
YOU'RE  
HERE,  
AREN'T YOU?  
WELL, CHAR-  
LIE'S OUR IN-  
FORMANT!

commodity

easy

magic

fast



online search is...



ubiquitous

opaque

a new form  
of power

necessary

# Search Engines & Archives

The ability to  
recognize when information is needed  
and to locate, evaluate and use effectively  
the needed information  
(ALA, 1989)

The ability to  
think critically and make balanced judgements  
about any information  
we find and use  
(CILIP 2018)

GROUND ZERO OF CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

# The LOIS Project

Late-teenagers Online Information Search

# Research on online search

Eye-tracking

URL Time-stamping

Self-efficacy

Interviews

LAB SETTING

Academic tasks

SELF-REPORT

Academic tasks

Simulated web

Small sample

Questionnaires

Think-aloud

Lab devices

# The LOIS idea



PARTICIPANTS SEARCH FROM HOME  
AT THE TIME THEY PREFER  
USING THEIR OWN  
DEVICES AND ACCOUNTS

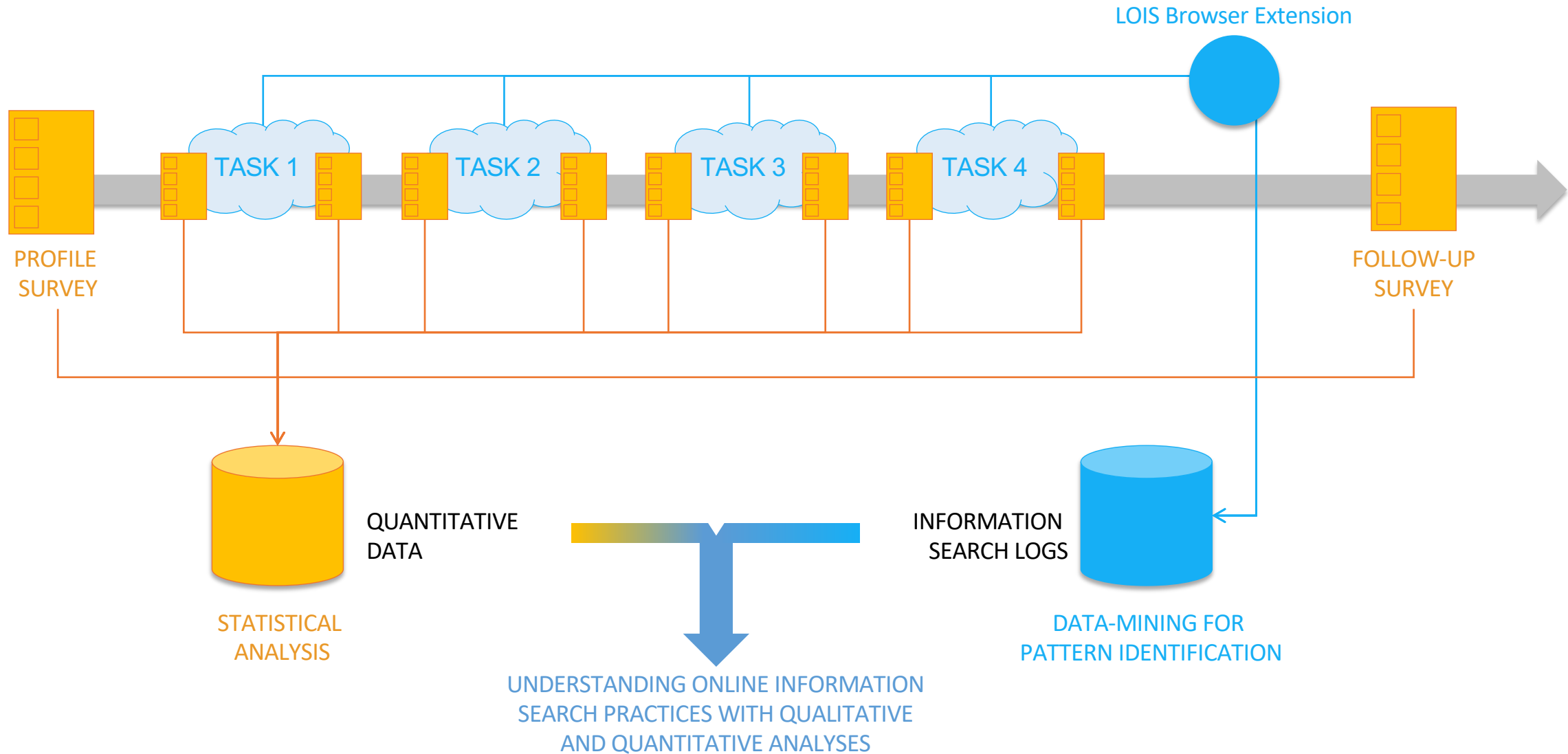


# Search task scenario (sample)

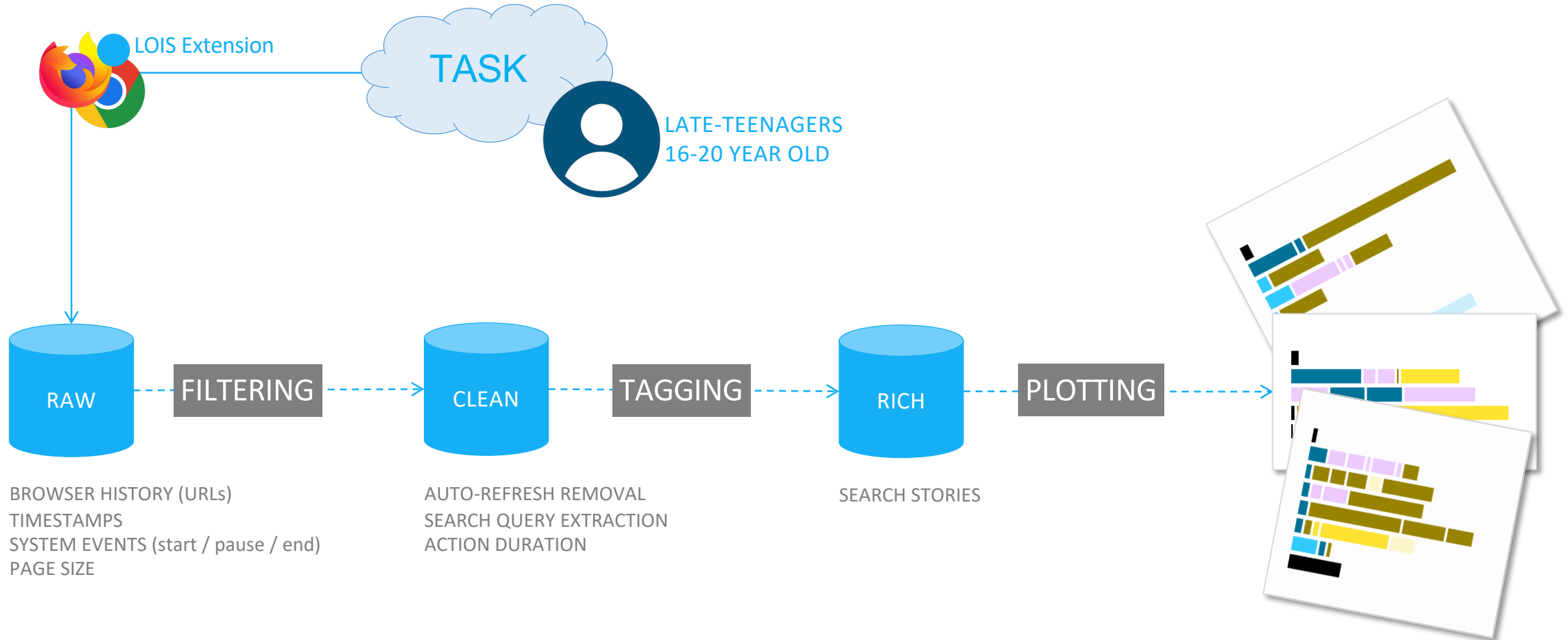
Your friend Anna is worried because her younger sister has decided to become a vegan. Anna thinks that this could be a good choice from an ethical point of view, both for the body and the environment – but her sister is only 13! Isn't it too soon? Besides, her sister suffers from asthma and this health condition makes her weaker.

Opinions are divided: some argue that vegan food is healthy, others do not. What is the truth? Would a vegetarian diet be healthy for a 13-year-old girl? What advice would you give Anna? And on what would you relay?

# The LOIS system



# From clicks to visuals



# The final data sample

## MAIN DATA

152 participants  
595 search stories

## BENCHMARK

6 experts  
21 search stories

## CLASS SESSIONS

535 students  
981 search stories



# 4 insights in online searching

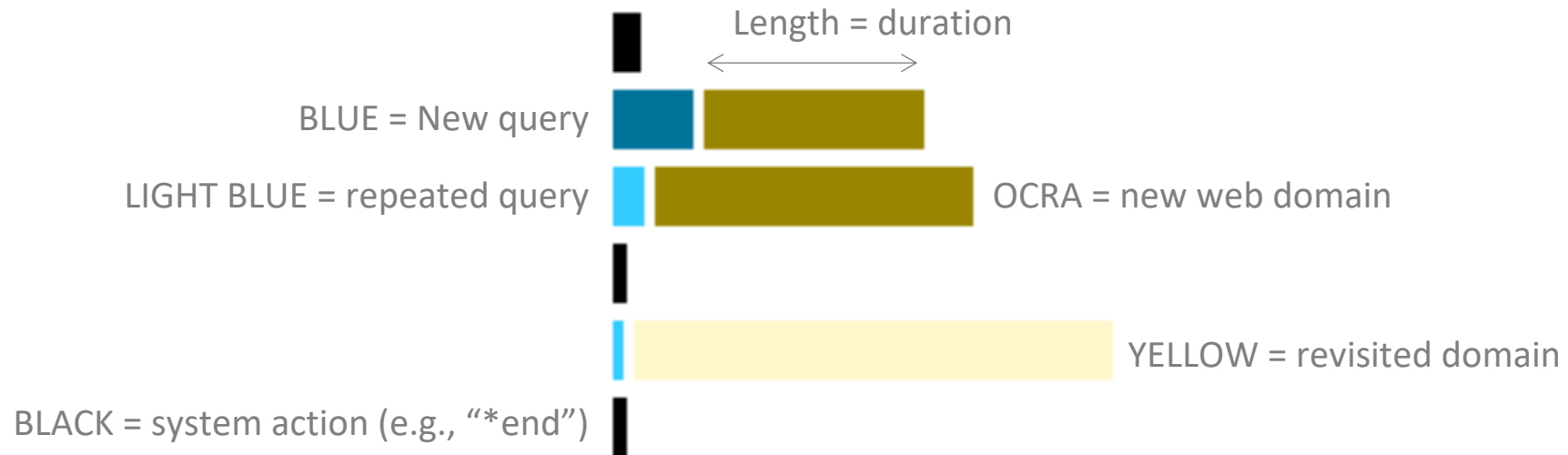
How young people make up their minds

# Visual search story plots

- We developed an algorithm to generate visual plots of search stories in order to allow human inspection.

## 1 SEARCH STORY = 1 USER SOLVING TASK

1 block = 1 action = 1 click



# Minimal search



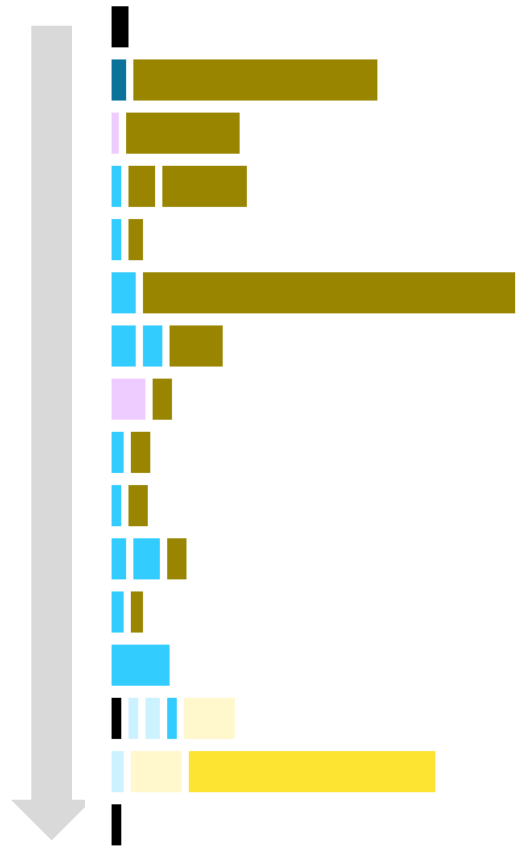
task\_1\_user\_195

Net duration: 182 | Episodes: 4 | Episodes avg: 91

!!

About 50% of all search stories are minimal, indicating high trust in search engine selection and ranking algorithms

# Extensive search



task\_1\_user\_208

Net duration: 657 | Episodes: 16 | Episodes avg: 51

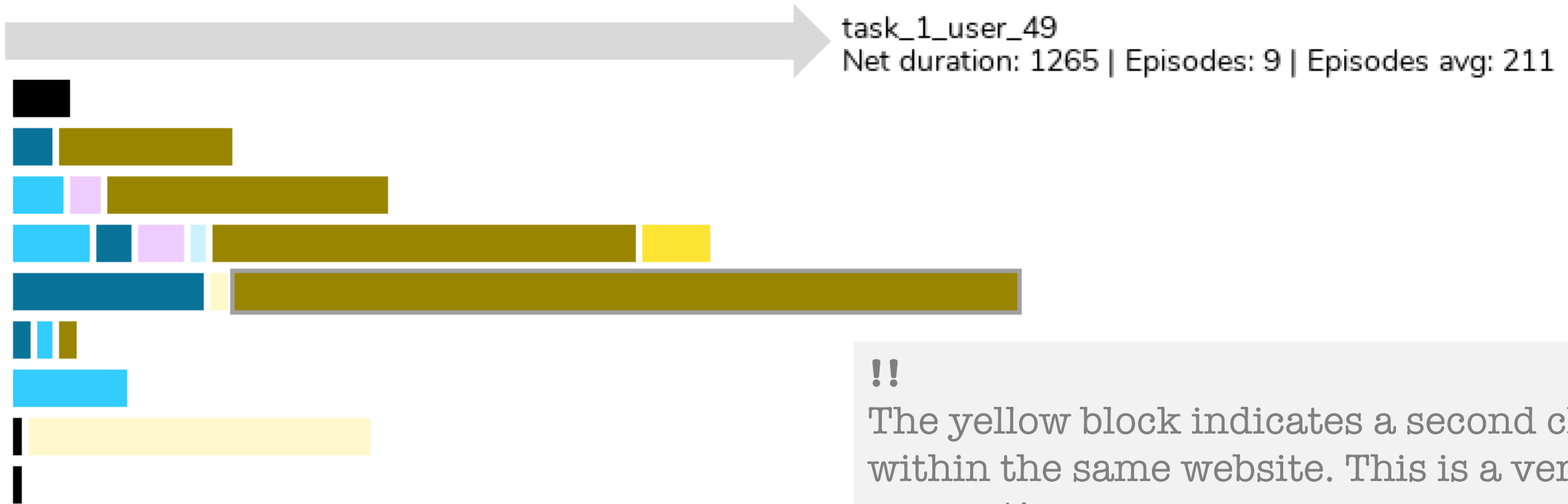
!!

This user makes 14 searches with 3 different queries.

Also, reading times changes in the second half of the story.

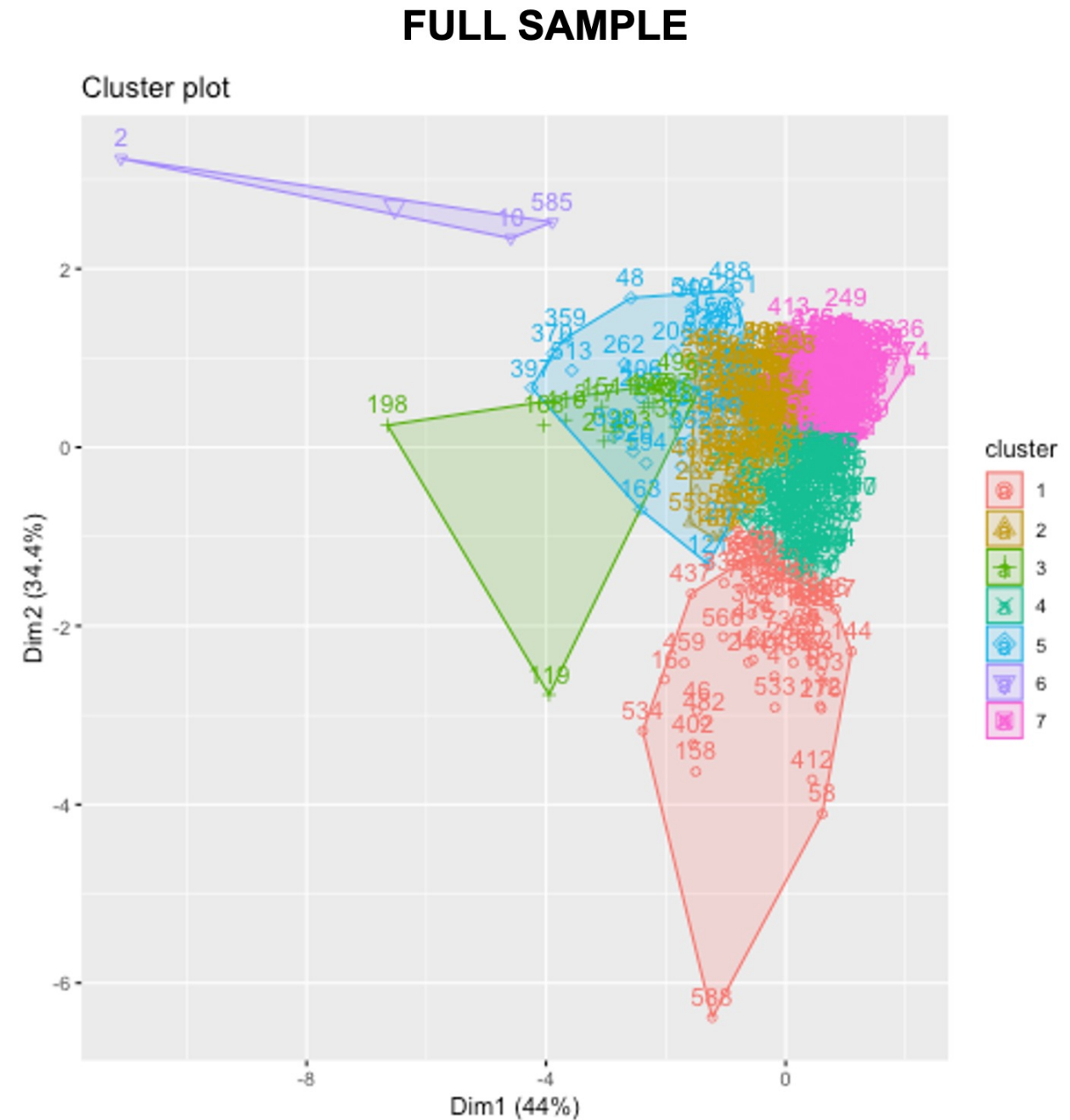


# Intensive search



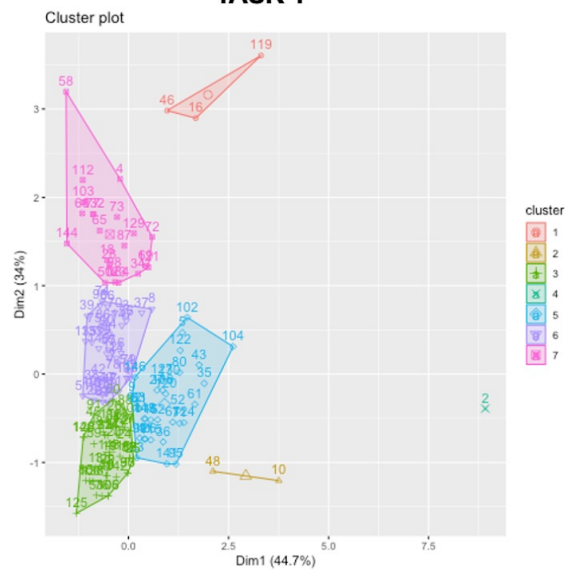
# [1] Task matters

K-means clustering  
N = 7 (elbow method)  
Iterations: 25

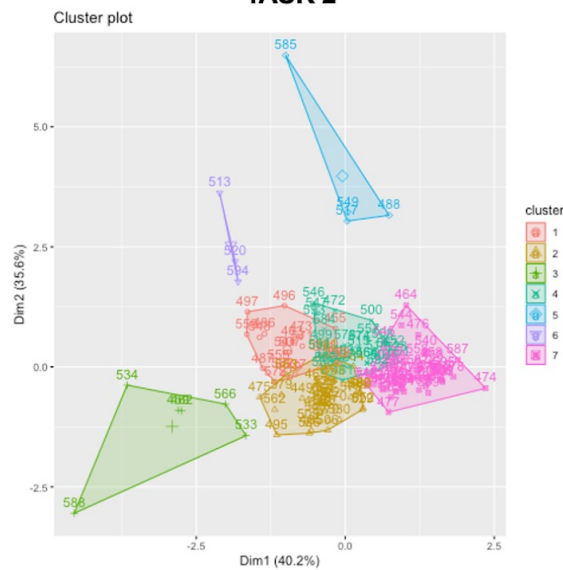


# [1] Task matters

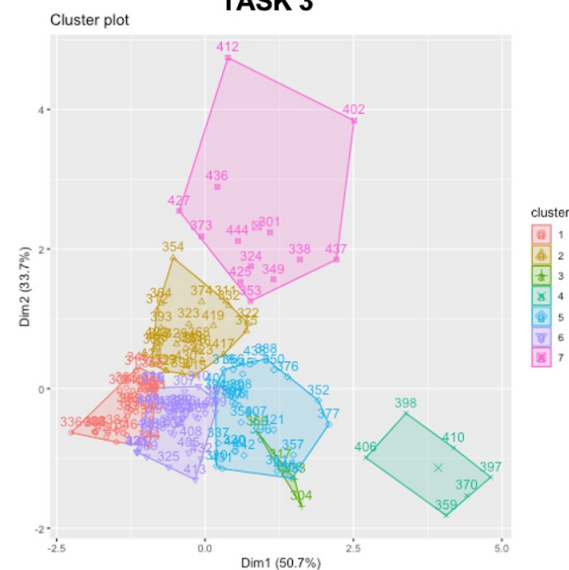
**TASK 1**



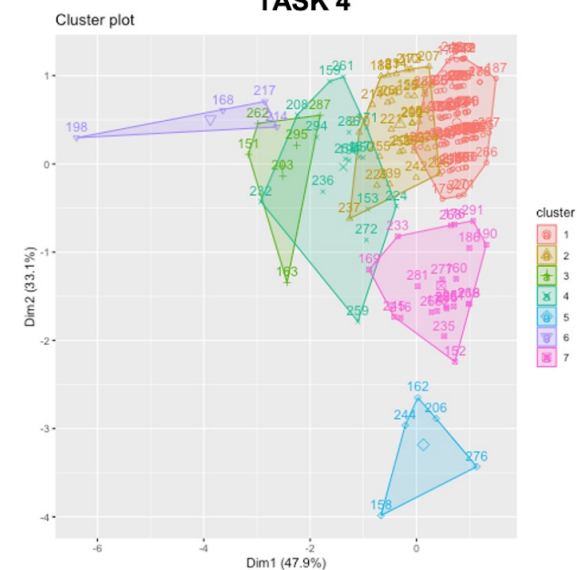
**TASK 2**



**TASK 3**



**TASK 4**

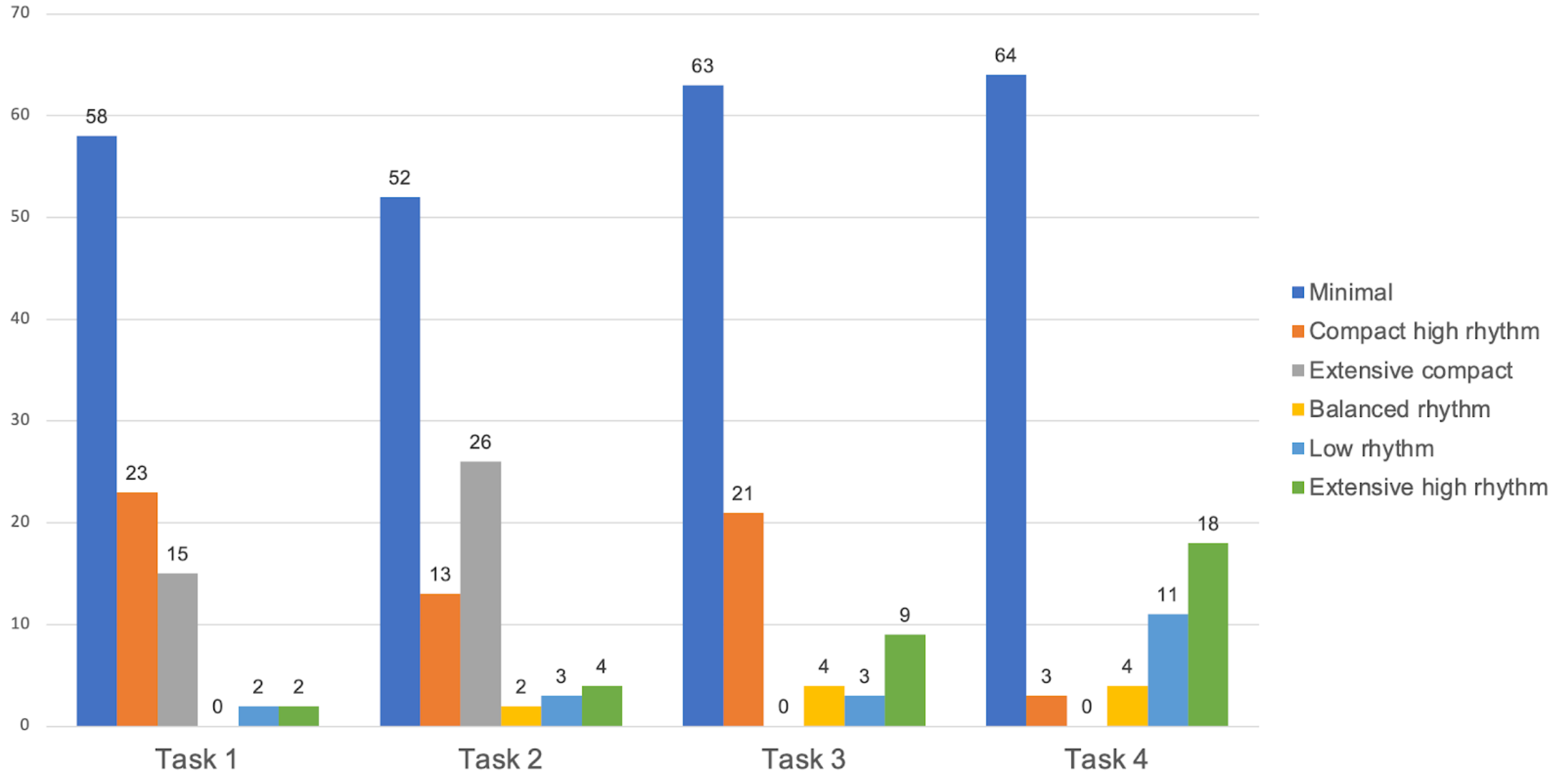


## [2] Minimal searches

Label	Description	<i>Extension</i>	<i>Int_Time</i>	<i>Int_Act</i>
<b>Minimal</b>	All values below average: few episodes composed of few short actions.	LOW	LOW	LOW
<b>Low rhythm</b>	Stories with few episodes of high duration but with few actions	LOW	HIGH	LOW
<b>Compact high rhythm</b>	Stories with few episodes mostly composed by many short actions	LOW	LOW	HIGH
<b>Balanced rhythm</b>	Stories with few episodes composed of many long actions.	LOW	HIGH	HIGH
<b>Extensive compact</b>	Stories with many short episodes, both as duration and number of actions	HIGH	LOW	LOW
<b>Extensive high rhythm</b>	Stories with many episodes mostly composed of many short actions	HIGH	LOW	HIGH



## [2] Minimal searches



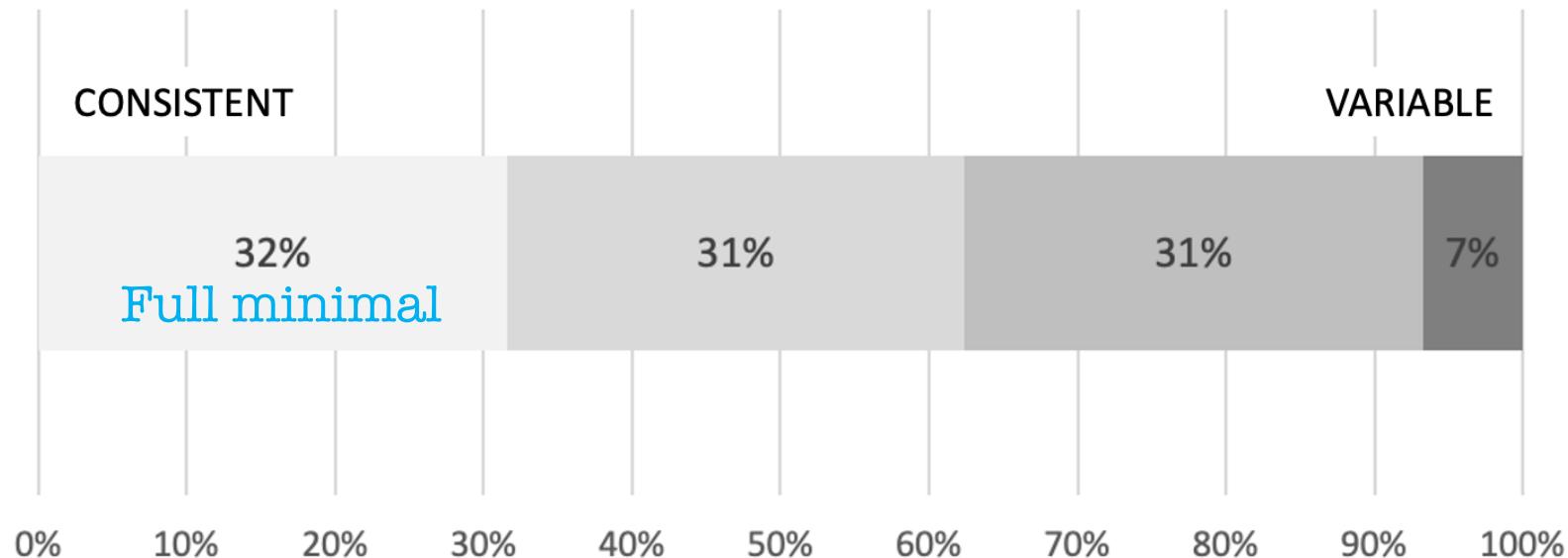
## [2] Minimal searches: more Q&A than searching



60% of all search stories

## [3] Flexible vs. consistent searchers

- Do participants have an individual “search style” or do they adapt to the task or situation?
  - 32% of the sample always exhibit minimal behavior
  - 62% switch across 2 or 3 behaviors, depending on the task
  - Only 7% of the sample seem highly adaptable (a different behavior for each task)




## [4] Search Engine(s)





Implications for archives

# [1] Google is benchmark



Ricerca per parola:

[in tutti i campi]

Autore/Collettività

Titolo

Soggetti

**Indicare i termini cercati, esempi:**

val verzasca  
etnologia and africa  
civetta or gufo  
(flora or fauna) and alpina  
guida ?patia

**Nota:** val verzasca **equivale a** val and verzasca

Scorri una lista:

Autore/Collettività

Titolo

Soggetti

Generi narrativi

**Indicare i termini cercati, esempi:**

martini p  
martini plinio

**Importante:** cognome prima del nome

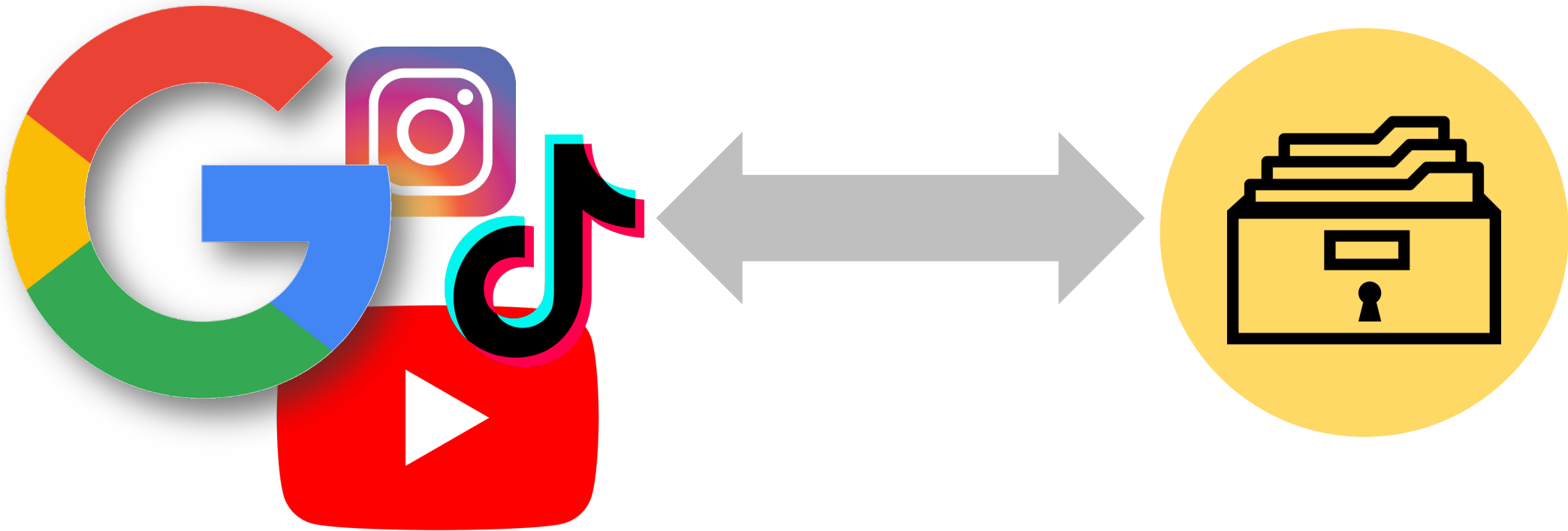
Cerca nel catalogo Sbt

☒ **Cantonale** ☐ **Scolastico**

☐ Sbt@Sàmara

L'opzione Sbt@Sàmara consente la ricerca simultanea nei cataloghi Sbt cantonale e scolastico.

## [2] Make yourself visible



## [3] Searching is a conversation

- Minimal searchers (aka *fast surfers*, about 60% of young people) interpret searching as Q&A
- Identify them
- Make room for this approach
- Invite them to enter more complex and rewarding conversations



## [4] Task matters

- Users change their behavior based on the task they are performing?
  - Exploring a new domain
  - Adding details to a known domain
  - Find a specific item they already met before
  - Confirming an hypothesis
  - Comparing items
  - Etc...
- Try and detect the tasks users are working at
- Useful for analytics!
- Provide hints for support

# Q&A

[www.loisresearch.org](http://www.loisresearch.org)

## Contact

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